

Recurring question: Is the following statement more of a threat or an opportunity?

RISK 01 The most important thing is that the company's strategy was established in the past

### Threat § 4.1 ★★★

Every three years on average, it's advisable to verify the strategy's adequacy with the company's context and the expectations and needs of stakeholders. It's a threat because the date when the strategy was developed isn't specified

**RISK 02** The company's context is an element that can be considered (even if the boss forgot to mention it)

**Threat** § 4.1 ☆☆

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This is a requirement of the standard and is unavoidable. It's one of the first tasks to carry out since the validation of the company's strategy depends on it

**RISK 03 Trying to anticipate the evolution of customer expectations is a waste of time** (if the boss says so)

### Threat § 4.2

Since the company's goal is to sustainably satisfy its customers, knowing the evolution of expectations is a key success factor for the future

### 4. MCT (multiple choice test)



### MCT 01 Only one of the following statements is correct. Can you name which one?

- 1. A product can be certified ISO 9001
- 2. A service can be certified ISO 9001
- 3. The management system of an organization can be certified ISO 9001
- 4. Any organization with more than 100 people shall be ISO 9001 certified

#### § 0.1

A product is certified from a technical point of view according to a reference system, such as CE 023 for a medical device, for example. Only the management system of an organization can be certified ISO 9001. Certification is voluntary for any organization, whatever the size

### MCT 02 In the 7 principles of quality management, we can find (even if the boss has no opinion):

- 1. Quality approach
- 2. Engagement of people

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- 3. Quality policy
- 4. Risk approach  $\star \star \star$

### § 0.2

The quality approach is a broader concept than a principle. The policy builds on the 7 principles and provides a framework for setting objectives. Risk approach enters into ISO 9001 version 2015 but not in the 7 principles of quality management

### MCT 03 In the Deming cycle, the A stands for:

- 1. Analyze data
- 2. Act
- 3. Improve
- 4. Adapt
- § 0.3

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In the DEMING cycle, the data analysis is in the C (Check), the support is in the D (Do); Act or Adapt corresponds to step A

PRA

RACTICES PRACTICES PRACTICES

### 5. PRACTICES

### Recurring question: Is the following statement more a good or a bad practice?

PRACTICE 01 The diagnosis of the organization context includes the main external and internal issues (even if the boss doesn't know about it)

**Good practice** § 4.1 To understand the context of the organization, top management must prioritize internal and external issues

## **PRACTICE 02** To determine the issues of the context, the analysis of the competitive environment is a priority

**Bad practice** § 4.1  $\overleftrightarrow$   $\overleftrightarrow$ Top management must first determine internal and external issues

# **PRACTICE 03** The analysis of the needs and expectations of interested parties is independent of the products and services of the organization

Bad practice § 4.2 ☆☆

The organization's products and services must take into account the needs and expectations of interested parties





### CASE 01 CONTEXT

Situation: external and internal issues influence the strategic direction and the overall performance of the organization

Challenge: how can we understand the influence of external and internal issues? Solution 1: regularly monitor and review issues

Solution 2: determine the positive or negative influence of each issue Solution 3: use SWOT and PEST tools

§ 4.1 ★★★

All these activities are very useful for analyzing the context

### **CASE 02 CUSTOMERS AND NEEDS**

Situation: for some months the organization has had stagnating sales. Nonconformities have begun to fill the prison

Challenge: what solution should be chosen to reverse the situation?

Solution 1: stand out from the competition with very low prices

Solution 2: recruit a marketing agent out of a top college

Solution 3: contact the customer and identify the problem

§ 4.2

Setting very low prices is daring but it is not a guarantee of success and can have disastrous financial consequences

A new marketing agent can bring profits but it is time consuming and requires a significant investment

Find the causes of the intolerable amount of nonconformities and quickly set up a plan of action. Then, openly discuss it with customers, as understanding their needs and expectations is a prerequisite for the recovery of the organization

### CASE 03 SCOPE OF THE QMS

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Situation: we need to maintain the scope of the QMS in the form of documented information Challenge: what must we do to determine the scope of the QMS?

Solution 1: justify each non-applicable requirement in a documented information

Solution 2: maintain the scope of the QMS (sites, processes, products and services) as documented information

Solution 3: base the scope of the QMS on the business context, the requirements of interested parties and the products and services provided

### § 4.3

All these activities are useful for determining the scope of the QMS

